



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Marvellous Me	Let's Celebrate	Light and Dark/Space	Growing	Amazing Animals	Under the Sea
	Incredible you The Colour Monster So much Hairy Maclary's Rumpus at the Vets Leaf Man Funnybones	The Scarecrow's Wedding Stick Man The Jolly Christmas Postman The Christmas Story	Man on the Moon Astro Girl How to catch a star	Oliver's Vegetables The Odd Egg Handa's Hen The Very Hungry Caterpillar	rainforest Oi Frog And tango makes three Giraffes Can't Dance Animal poetry	Sharing a Shell Rainbow Fish Somebody Swallowed Stanley The Snail and the Whale Little Seahorse and the big question Commotion in the Ocean
	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Promote and model active listening skills.	use new vocabulary through the day. Ask questions to find out	action to another using a range of connectives.	Model talk routines through the day. For example, arriving in school: "Good morning,	deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in	Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Engage in non-fiction books.
	Learn new vocabulary.	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why	anticipate key events. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.	Listen carefully to	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
and Emotional		Manage their own needs: Personal hygiene.	respectful relationships.	their own feelings socially		Know and talk about the different factors that





	Make time to get to know the child. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.	Encourage Independence.			Think about the perspectives of others.	support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating toothbrushing sensible amounts of 'screen time' - having a good sleep routine being a safe pedestrian
Gross Motor	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired such as walking, running, jumping, hopping, climbing and skipping.	fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.	balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other	movements with ease and fluency. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the	use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall bodystrength, balance, coordination and agility.	skills including:
	they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for	competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes,	Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient. Dominate hand tripod grip.





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	scissors, knives, forks and spoons	paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons		SDOONS	Dominate hand tripod grip.	
PE Focus	Introduction to PE	Fundamentals	Ball Skills	Games	Dance	Gymnastics
	Develop storylines in their pretend play.	performing solo or in groups.	Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.	dance and performance art, expressing their		Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.
Artist/ Art Focus	William Morris (nature, wallpaper, repeating patterns)	Da Vinci (upside down painting)	Henry Moore (sculptures)	African art- Batik	Aboriginal art	Monet (watercolours, chalk).
Music Focus	Journeys	Circus	Space	Whatever the weather	Minibeasts	Deep blue sea
		Understand that some places are special to members of their community.	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.	around them.	Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past.
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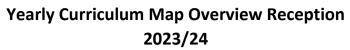
	Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Let's find out about Harvest.	different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Let's find out about Divali. Let's find out about the Christmas story. Let's find out about Christmas celebrations in churches and homes.	natural world around them (throughout the year). Let's find out about	hear and feel whilst outside.	in which they live. Let's find out about	Draw information from a simple map. Let's find out about special buildings.
Literacy	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. Start to form lower-case letters. Attempt to write their name.	that they can read short words made up of known letter— sound correspondences. Form lower-case letters. Write their name.	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.	exception words from phase 2 and 3. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. Start to form capital letters correctly.	and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences.	confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Develop all reading skills. Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences.





			2023/24			
						Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.
Writing	Texts as a Stimulus: Incredible you The Colour Monster So much Hairy Mclary Rumpus at the Vets Leaf Man Funnybones	Texts as a Stimulus: Guy Fawkes: Recount The Best Diwali Ever The Scarecrow's Wedding Stick Man The Jolly Christmas Postman The Christmas Story	Texts as a Stimulus: Night Monkey Day Monkey Man on the moon Astro Girl How to catch a star Chinese New Year – The Great Race Mr Wolf's Pancakes	Texts as a Stimulus: Jim and the beanstalk Oliver's Vegetables The Odd Egg Handa's Hen The Very Hungry Caterpillar	Texts as a Stimulus: We're roaming in the rainforest. Oi Frog And tango makes three Giraffes Can't Dance Animal poetry David Attenborough (non-fiction)	Texts as a Stimulus: Sharing a Shell Rainbow Fish Somebody Swallowed Stanley The Snail and the Whale Little Seahorse and the big question Commotion in the Ocean
Maths	 subitise different arra structured, including using t make different arrangeme 	subitised and when counting is neede angements, both unstructured an the Hungarian number frame ents of numbers within 5 and talk abou	dwithin and beyond 5, quantities to numerals to begin to identify missing	and increasingly connect parts for numbers within 5	tlarger sets as well as coexplore a range of rincluding the 10-frame,	unting actions and sounds epresentations of numbers,
	what they can see, to developed on spot smaller numbers 'hid' connect quantities and no different ways of representi hear and join in with the othe 'staircase' pattern of the number is made of one mor	op their conceptual subitising skills	 explore the structure of and a bit' and connect the eHungarian number frame focus on equal and uneconumbers understand that two endouble' and connect this 	f the numbers 6 and 7 as 'is to finger patterns and the qual groups when comparing the groups can be called to finger patterns	5 arranged in a 10-frame e compare quantities ar objects which have diffe g continue to develop knowing that 8 is quite aonly a little bit more that begin to generalise	nd numbers, including sets of erent attributes a sense of magnitude, e.g. a lot more than 2, but 4 is an 2 about 'one more than' and







numbe	er in the count tells us 'how many' (cardinality); to be	shape'	 continue to identify when sets can be subitised
accurat	ate in counting, each thing must be counted once and once	and when counting is necessary	
only a	and in any order; the need for 1:1 correspondence;	counting sequence and link cardinality and ordinality	• develop conceptual subitising skills including
unders	standing that anything can be counted, including actions and	hrough the 'staircase' pattern	when using a rekenrek
sounds	s	 order numbers and play track games 	
• comp	npare sets of objects by matching	join in with verbal counts beyond 20, hearing the	
• begir	in to develop the language of 'whole' when talking about	repeated pattern within the counting numbers	
objects	s which have parts		
			Manipulate, compose and decompose
Match	h, sort and compare		Visualise, build and map
Measu	sure and patterns	ength, height and time	Make connections
Circles	es and triangles	Explore 3D shapes	
Shape	es with four sides		